In The United States District Court For The District of Columbia District

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	X
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	
	Criminal 21-CR-52 (TJK)
- against -	SUPPLEMENTAL
5	AFFIRMATION IN
	SUPPORT OF BOND
	APPLICATION
DOMINIC PEZZOLA,	
Defendant.	

Comes now Martin H. Tankleff, counsel for defendant Dominic Pezzola (hereinafter "Dominic" & Defendant) and affirms under the penalty of perjury the following:

- As this Court is aware, I, along with Steven Metcalf, of Metcalf & Metcalf,
 P.C. represent Dominic Pezzola.
- 2. I write this Affirmation because prudent and significant information has recently comes to my attention with regards to an answers that I provided to this Court during Defendant Pezzola's bond hearing. This Supplemental Affirmation comes after briefing and oral arguments have been commenced, but before decision.
- 3. On September 22, 2021, a renewed bond hearing took place before this

Court.

- 4. To my recollection, during the bond hearing on September 22, 2021, this Court asked undersigned counsel and the government if they were aware of any case or any law that spoke to the conditions of confinement being applied to the Bail Reform Act factor analysis, 3142 factors.
- 5. Since that date, undersigned counsel has been diligently looking for an answer to that question and discovered the Federal Bail Reform Act of 2020, attached as **Exhibit A**.
- 6. The Federal Bail Reform Act of 2020, specifically addressed this exact point:
 - (5) FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED AT THE PRETRIAL RELEASE HEARING.—In determining whether there are conditions of release that could reasonably mitigate the risks described in paragraph, the judicial officer shall take into account the available information concerning—
 - (F) the conditions of confinement, including access to adequate medical, mental health, and dental treatment, access to medications, and the person's ability to privately consult with counsel and meaningfully prepare a defense. (pgs. 26-27 of **Exhibit A**).

Wherefore, I would ask the Court to take into consideration this supplemental authority in consideration of the renewed bond application.

Dated: New York, New York October 26, 2021

Respectfully Submitted,

Martin Tankleff
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that, on October 26, 2021, the forgoing document, Supplemental Affirmation, was filed via the Court's electronic filing system, and sent to the AUSA via email, which constitutes service upon all counsel of record.

Respectfully Submitted,

Martin Tankleff

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H. R. 9065

I

To amend title 18, United States Code, to amend provisions relating to the release or detention of a defendant pending trial, sentence, or appeal, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

DECEMBER 31, 2020

Mr. Nadler introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

- To amend title 18, United States Code, to amend provisions relating to the release or detention of a defendant pending trial, sentence, or appeal, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Federal Bail Reform
- 5 Act of 2020".
- 6 SEC. 2. RELEASE OR DETENTION OF A DEFENDANT PEND-
- 7 ING SENTENCE OR APPEAL.
- 8 Section 3143 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 9 amended—

1	(1) in subsection (a)—
2	(A) by striking paragraph (1) and insert-
3	ing the following: "A person who has been
4	found guilty of an offense and who is awaiting
5	imposition or execution of sentence is entitled
6	to a presumption of release if, at the time of
7	the guilt determination, the person is on release
8	and performing satisfactorily. The person is
9	also entitled to a presumption that all condi-
10	tions of release continue unchanged. If the at-
11	torney for the Government moves to detain the
12	person, the person may only be detained after
13	consideration of the factors listed in section
14	3142(f)(5)."; and
15	(B) by striking paragraph (2);
16	(2) in subsection (b)—
17	(A) in paragraph (1), in the matter pre-
18	ceding subparagraph (A), by striking "Except
19	as provided in paragraph (2), the" and insert-
20	ing "The";
21	(B) in paragraph (1), by striking subpara-
22	graph (A), and inserting the following:
23	"(A) by a preponderance of the evidence
24	that release does not pose a high risk of inten-
25	tional non-appearance in court or a specific and

1	substantial risk that the person will cause bod-
2	ily injury or use violent force against the person
3	of another if released under section 3142(b) or
4	(e); and";
5	(C) in paragraph (1)(B)(i), by striking
6	"reversal," and inserting "reversal of the con-
7	viction,";
8	(D) by striking paragraph (2), and insert-
9	ing the following:
10	"(3) The person may file a motion requesting
11	that a judge other than the trial judge hear the mo-
12	tion for release if they are moving under paragraph
13	(1)(B)(i) or $(1)(B)(ii)$."; and
14	(E) in the matter preceding paragraph
15	(2)—
16	(i) by striking "If the judicial officer
17	makes such findings" and inserting the fol-
18	lowing:
19	"(2) If the judicial officer makes such find-
20	ings"; and
21	(ii) by striking "subparagraph
22	(B)(iv)" and inserting "paragraph
23	(1)(B)(iv)"; and
24	(3) by striking subsection (c), and inserting the
25	following:

1	"(c) Release or Detention Pending Appeal by
2	THE GOVERNMENT.—In a case in which an appeal of a
3	dispositive motion has been taken by the United States
4	under section 3731, the person is entitled to a presump-
5	tion of release under section 3142(b) or (c), unless it is
6	clearly shown that there are exceptional reasons why such
7	person's detention would be appropriate. For cases in
8	which an appeal of a person's sentence has been taken
9	by the United States under section 3742, if the person
10	is already on release and performing satisfactorily, the
11	person is entitled to a presumption that all conditions of
12	release continue unchanged; if the person is already de-
13	tained, the judicial officer shall—
14	(1) if the person has been sentenced to a term
15	of imprisonment of 120 months or more, continue
16	the order of detention; or
17	"(2) if the person has been sentenced to a term
18	of imprisonment of less than 120 months, release or
19	detain the person under section 3142.".
20	SEC. 3. RELEASE OR DETENTION OF A DEFENDANT PEND-
21	ING TRIAL.
22	Section 3142 of title 18, United States Code, is
23	amended as follows:
24	(1) By striking subsection (a) and inserting the
25	following:

1	"(a) Presumption of Innocence.—Nothing in this
2	section shall be construed as modifying or limiting the pre-
3	sumption of innocence.".
4	(2) By striking subsection (b) and inserting the
5	following:
6	"(b) Presumption of Release Without Condi-
7	TIONS.—In all cases, the judicial officer shall apply a pre-
8	sumption of release on personal recognizance subject to
9	subsections (c), (e), and (f).".
10	(3) By striking subsection (e) and inserting the
11	following:
12	"(e) Imposing Conditions of Release.—
13	"(1) If at the initial appearance hearing or the
14	pretrial release hearing the judicial officer deter-
15	mines by a preponderance of the evidence, based on
16	individualized facts, that the person's release on per-
17	sonal recognizance under subsection (b) creates a
18	high risk of intentional non-appearance in court, or
19	a specific and substantial risk that the person will
20	cause bodily injury or use violent force against the
21	person of another, and the judicial officer deter-
22	mines that a combination of conditions under this
23	subsection would reasonably mitigate any risk posed
24	by the person, such judicial officer shall nevertheless
25	order the pretrial release of the person—

1	"(A) subject to the condition that the per-
2	son not commit a Federal, State, or local crime
3	during the period of release; and
4	"(B) subject to the least restrictive further
5	condition or combination of conditions that
6	could reasonably mitigate the risk identified,
7	which may include the condition that the per-
8	son—
9	"(i) remain in the custody of a des-
10	ignated person, who agrees to assume su-
11	pervision and to report any violation of a
12	release condition to the court;
13	"(ii) maintain employment, or, if un-
14	employed, actively seek employment;
15	"(iii) maintain or commence an edu-
16	cational program;
17	"(iv) abide by specified restrictions on
18	personal associations, place of abode, or
19	travel;
20	"(v) avoid all contact with an alleged
21	victim of the crime and with any potential
22	witness who may testify concerning the of-
23	fense;

1	"(vi) report on a regular basis to a
2	designated law enforcement agency, pre-
3	trial services agency, or other agency;
4	"(vii) comply with a specified curfew;
5	"(viii) refrain from possessing a fire-
6	arm, destructive device, or other dangerous
7	weapon;
8	"(ix) refrain from excessive use of al-
9	cohol, or any use of a narcotic drug or
10	other controlled substance, as defined in
11	section 102 of the Controlled Substances
12	Act (21 U.S.C. 802), without a prescrip-
13	tion by a licensed medical practitioner;
14	"(x) undergo available medical, psy-
15	chological, or psychiatric treatment, includ-
16	ing treatment for drug or alcohol depend-
17	ency, and remain in a specified institution
18	if required for that purpose;
19	"(xi) return to custody for specified
20	hours following release for employment,
21	schooling, or other limited purposes; and
22	"(xii) satisfy any other condition that
23	is necessary to avoid a high risk of inten-
24	tional nonappearance in court, or a specific
25	and substantial risk that the person will

1	cause bodily injury or use violent force
2	against the person of another.
3	"(2) In any case where the person is charged
4	with an offense that involves a minor victim under
5	section 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245,
6	$2251,\ 2251A,\ 2252(a)(1),\ 2252(a)(2),\ 2252(a)(3),$
7	$2252A(a)(1), \qquad 2252A(a)(2), \qquad 2252A(a)(3),$
8	2252A(a)(4), 2260 , 2421 , 2422 , 2423 , or 2425 , or
9	a failure to register offense under section 2250, ex-
10	cluding receipt of child pornography, any release
11	order shall contain a condition of electronic moni-
12	toring and each of the conditions specified at clauses
13	(iv) through (viii) of paragraph (1)(B).
14	"(3) The judicial officer may not impose any
15	condition of release that imposes a financial burden
16	on the person released. Prohibited financial condi-
17	tions include requiring payment of cash bail, requir-
18	ing a secured bond, requiring proof of ability to pay
19	an unsecured bond, requiring execution of a bail
20	bond or corporate surety bond, requiring a solvent
21	surety to co-sign a secured or unsecured bond, and
22	requiring posting of real property.
23	"(4) Any person who is deemed financially un-
24	able to obtain adequate representation and qualifies
25	for appointed counsel pursuant to other provisions of

1	this section or section 3006A is not required to pay
2	any costs associated with pretrial release or pretrial
3	supervision including costs of pretrial supervision,
4	electronic monitoring, global positioning systems
5	monitoring, medical, psychological, or psychiatric
6	treatment, and costs associated with any of the
7	other conditions of release in this subsection.
8	"(5) To facilitate appearance in court and ad-
9	herence to these conditions of release, the judicial of-
10	ficer shall instruct United States Pretrial Services to
11	provide individual court reminders, such as remind-
12	ers via phone call or two-way text message.
13	"(6) The judicial officer may at any time
14	amend the release order to impose additional or dif-
15	ferent conditions of release. Before the conditions
16	are modified, the person is entitled to notice of the
17	proposed modification and an opportunity to be
18	heard.".
19	(4) By striking subsection (d) and inserting the
20	following:
21	"(d) No Shackling.—No person shall be shackled
22	or otherwise physically restrained when appearing in court
23	for any hearing relating to pretrial release or detention,
24	unless the judicial officer makes a finding by clear and
25	convincing evidence, in writing or on the record, based on

- I individualized, case-specific reasons, that the person poses
- 2 an imminent danger to any person in the courtroom.".
- 3 (5) By striking subsection (e) and inserting the following:
 - "(e) Initial Appearance Hearing.—

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"(1) IN GENERAL AND TIMING.—In any initial appearance before a judicial officer (but in no event later than 48 hours after entering into custody), the judicial officer shall conduct an initial appearance hearing for purposes of advising the person of the criminal complaint or information, conducting arraignment (as appropriate), allowing consultation with and appointment of counsel, and determining whether the judicial officer should release or detain the person. The judicial officer shall provisionally appoint counsel to represent any person eligible for representation under section 3006A (without regard to any financial ability to secure representation) by not later than the beginning of the initial appearance hearing if that person is not otherwise represented by counsel. If at the initial appearance hearing the person is temporarily detained under paragraph (3), the judicial officer shall immediately thereafter, at the same initial appearance, conduct a pretrial release hearing under subsection (f), unless

1	the judicial officer grants a continuance sought by
2	the person or the attorney for the Government under
3	paragraph (1) of such subsection.
4	"(2) Presumption of Release without
5	CONDITIONS.—At the initial appearance hearing, the
6	judicial officer shall order the pretrial release of the
7	person on personal recognizance under subsection
8	(b) unless the judicial officer determines that—
9	"(A) a condition or combination of condi-
10	tions is required under subsection (c); or
11	"(B) temporary detention is—
12	"(i) mandatory under paragraph
13	(3)(A);
14	"(ii) appropriate under paragraph
15	(3)(B); or
16	"(iii) required under paragraph (4).
17	"(3) Exceptions to immediate release.—
18	At the initial appearance hearing, the judicial officer
19	may temporarily detain the person until the pretrial
20	release hearing only in accordance with the fol-
21	lowing:
22	"(A) MANDATORY TEMPORARY DETENTION
23	PENDING A PRETRIAL RELEASE HEARING.—Ex-
24	cept as provided in subparagraph (D), the judi-
25	cial officer shall order temporary detention and

1	shall hold a pretrial release hearing under sub-
2	section (f) when the person is charged with one
3	of the following offenses:
4	"(i) Offenses involving a minor
5	VICTIM.—A violation of section 1591, or
6	any felony that involves a minor victim.
7	"(ii) Certain terrorism of-
8	FENSES.—An offense listed in section
9	2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum
10	term of imprisonment of 10 years or more
11	is prescribed.
12	"(iii) Other serious offenses.—
13	An offense for which the maximum sen-
14	tence is life imprisonment or death, other
15	than an offense listed in subparagraph
16	(B)(i) or (B)(ii) for which the maximum
17	sentence is life imprisonment.
18	"(iv) CERTAIN REPEAT OFFENSES.—
19	Any felony if the person has been convicted
20	of two or more offenses described in para-
21	graph (3)(A)(iii) or (3)(B)(iii) of this sub-
22	section, or two or more State or local of-
23	fenses that would have been offenses de-
24	scribed in paragraph (3)(A)(iii) or
25	(3)(B)(iii) of this subsection if a cir-

1	cumstance giving rise to Federal jurisdic-
2	tion had existed, or a combination of such
3	offenses.
4	"(B) Discretionary temporary deten-
5	TION.—Except as provided in subparagraph
6	(D), on a showing by the attorney for the Gov-
7	ernment of a likelihood of success on the merits
8	at obtaining an order for detention at the pre-
9	trial release hearing, the judicial officer may
10	order temporary detention and may hold a pre-
11	trial release hearing under subsection (f) only
12	in one of the following circumstances:
13	"(i) CERTAIN ALLEGED NARCOTICS
14	OFFENSES.—The person is charged with
15	an offense for which a minimum term of
16	imprisonment of ten years or more is pre-
17	scribed in the Controlled Substances Act
18	(21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.), the Controlled
19	Substances Import and Export Act (21
20	U.S.C. 951 et seq.), or chapter 705 of title
21	46, and the attorney for the Government
22	proffers evidence sufficient to support a
23	finding that the person is an organizer or
24	leader in the offense or proves, by clear
25	and convincing evidence based on individ-

1	ualized facts, that detention is necessary
2	because the person's release creates a spe-
3	cific and substantial risk that the person
4	will cause bodily injury or use violent force
5	against the person of another, and proves
6	by clear and convincing evidence that no
7	conditions of release could reasonably miti-
8	gate that risk.
9	"(ii) Firearms offenses.—The per-
10	son is charged with any felony that in-
11	volves the possession or use of a firearm or
12	destructive device (as those terms are de-
13	fined in section 921), or any other dan-
14	gerous weapon.
15	"(iii) CRIME OF VIOLENCE.—The per-
16	son is charged with a crime of violence, as
17	defined in section $924(c)(3)(A)$.
18	"(iv) Failure to register.—The
19	person is charged with a failure to register
20	felony offense under section 2250.
21	"(v) Non-appearance in court.—
22	The attorney for the Government proves,
23	by clear and convincing evidence based on
24	individualized facts, that the person's re-
25	lease creates a high risk of intentional non-

1	appearance in court, and that no condi-
2	tions of release could reasonably mitigate
3	that risk.
4	"(vi) Obstruction of Justice.—
5	The attorney for the Government proves,
6	by clear and convincing evidence based on
7	individualized facts, that there is a high
8	risk that the person will obstruct or at-
9	tempt to obstruct justice, or threaten, in-
10	jure, or intimidate, or attempt to threaten,
11	injure, or intimidate, a prospective witness
12	or juror, and that no conditions of release
13	could reasonably mitigate that risk.
14	"(C) Legal standard for exceptions
15	TO IMMEDIATE RELEASE.—The judicial officer
16	may not order the temporary detention of any
17	person on the ground that they pose a general-
18	ized danger or a financial danger to any other
19	individual or the community. If the judicial offi-
20	cer does not order detention under subpara-
21	graph (A) or (B), the judicial officer must order
22	the immediate release of the person under sub-
23	section (b) or (c).
24	"(D) Exceptions to Detention.—Dur-
25	ing any continuance under paragraph (1), a

1	person who would otherwise be ordered tempo-
2	rarily detained under this paragraph may not
3	be detained if the person establishes extenu-
4	ating employment, family, or other cir-
5	cumstances that weigh against temporary de-
6	tention, in which case the judicial officer shall
7	release the person under subsection (b) or (c),
8	pending the pretrial release hearing.
9	"(4) Temporary detention to permit rev-
10	OCATION OF CONDITIONAL RELEASE, DEPORTATION,
11	OR EXCLUSION.—
12	"(A) During the initial appearance hearing
13	the judicial officer shall make a determination
14	as to whether the attorney for the Government
15	has proven, by a preponderance of the evidence
16	based on individualized facts, that—
17	"(i) the person—
18	"(I) is, and was at the time the
19	offense was committed, on—
20	"(aa) release pending trial
21	for a felony under Federal, State,
22	or local law;
23	"(bb) release pending impo-
24	sition or execution of sentence,
25	appeal of sentence or conviction,

17 1 or completion of sentence, for 2 any offense under Federal, State, 3 or local law; or "(cc) probation or parole for 4 any offense under Federal, State, 5 6 or local law; or "(II) is not a national of the 7 United States or an alien lawfully ad-8 9 mitted for permanent residence, as de-10 fined in section 101(a)(20) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 11 12 U.S.C. 1101(a)(20), and is inadmis-13 sible or deportable under such Act; 14 and "(ii) the person's release creates a 15 high risk of intentional non-appearance in 16 17 court, or a specific and substantial risk 18 that the person will cause bodily injury or use violent force against the person of an-19 20 other, and that no conditions of release 21 could reasonably mitigate that risk. "(B) If the judicial officer determines that 22

the attorney for the Government has satisfied

the requirement under subparagraph (A), such

judicial officer shall order the detention of the

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1	person, for a period of not more than five days,
2	excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays,
3	and direct the attorney for the Government to
4	notify the appropriate court, probation or pa-
5	role official, or State or local law enforcement
6	official, or the appropriate official of the De-
7	partment of Homeland Security, consistent with
8	the following:
9	"(i) If the appropriate court, proba-
10	tion, or parole official fails or declines to
11	take the person into custody during the
12	five-day period of temporary detention, the
13	person shall be treated in accordance with
14	the other provisions of this section.
15	"(ii) If temporary detention is sought
16	under subclause (II) of subparagraph
17	(A)(i), the person shall be afforded the op-
18	portunity to enter evidence rebutting any
19	determination under such subclause.
20	"(iii) If the person rebuts the nation-
21	ality determination, temporary detention
22	under this paragraph is not permitted.
23	"(iv) If the person fails to rebut the
24	nationality determination, the judicial offi-
25	cer shall order the temporary detention of

1	the person under this paragraph. If the
2	Department of Homeland Security fails or
3	declines to take such person into custody
4	during the five-day period of temporary de-
5	tention, the person shall be treated in ac-
6	cordance with other provisions of this sec-
7	tion and shall not be subject to detention
8	under the Immigration and Nationality Act
9	(except section 236A of such Act, 8 U.S.C.
10	1226A) during the pendency of the case.
11	"(5) Production of Pretrial Services re-
12	PORT.—No later than the initial appearance hearing,
13	United States Probation and Pretrial Services shall
14	produce to the judicial officer, the person, and the
15	attorney for the Government a report detailing infor-
16	mation pertaining to the pretrial release of that per-
17	son.".
18	(6) By striking subsection (f) and inserting the
19	following:
20	"(f) Pretrial Release Hearing.—
21	"(1) IN GENERAL AND TIMING.—If the person
22	is not ordered released on personal recognizance
23	without conditions under subsection (b) at the initial
24	appearance hearing, the judicial officer shall imme-
25	digtely thereafter at the same initial annearance

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conduct a pretrial release hearing under subsection (f), unless the judicial officer grants a continuance sought by the person or the attorney for the Government. A continuance of the pretrial release hearing on motion of the attorney for the Government must be supported by good cause and may not exceed three days (not including any intermediate Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday). A continuance of the pretrial release hearing on motion of the person may not exceed five days (not including any intermediate Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday). During a continuance, a person detained temporarily under subsection (e)(3) shall be detained until the pretrial release hearing, unless the person establishes extenuating employment, family, or other circumstances that weigh against temporary detention, in which case the judicial officer shall release the person under subsection (b) or (c) pending the pretrial release hearing. "(2) Presumption of RELEASE WITHOUT CONDITIONS.—At the pretrial release hearing, the judicial officer shall apply a presumption of release on personal recognizance under subsection (b) unless the judicial officer determines that a condition or

1	combination of conditions is required under sub-
2	section (c).
3	"(3) Legal standard at the pretrial re-
4	LEASE HEARING.—
5	"(A) If the person is temporarily detained
6	at the initial appearance hearing under sub-
7	section $(e)(3)(A)$, $(e)(3)(B)(i)$, $(e)(3)(B)(ii)$,
8	(e)(3)(B)(iii), (e)(3)(B)(iv), or (e)(3)(B)(vi),
9	then at the pretrial release hearing the judicial
10	officer may order the detention of the person
11	before trial only if the attorney for the Govern-
12	ment proves, by clear and convincing evidence
13	based on individualized facts, that detention is
14	necessary because the person's release creates a
15	specific and substantial risk that the person will
16	cause bodily injury or use violent force against
17	the person of another, and proves by clear and
18	convincing evidence that no conditions of re-
19	lease could reasonably mitigate that risk. The
20	judicial officer may not detain any person on
21	the ground that they pose a generalized danger
22	or a financial danger to any other individual or
23	the community. If the attorney for the Govern-
24	ment did not move for detention under sub-
25	section $(e)(3)(A)$, $(e)(3)(B)(i)$, $(e)(3)(B)(ii)$.

(e)(3)(B)(iii), (e)(3)(B)(iv), or (e)(3)(B)(vi) at the initial appearance hearing yet wishes to seek detention at the pretrial release hearing for an offense enumerated in those subsections on the ground that the person's release creates a specific and substantial risk that the person will cause bodily injury or use violent force against the person of another, the attorney for the Government must meet the legal standard in this subparagraph and also establish by clear and convincing evidence that such request rests on evidence that was newly discovered after the initial appearance and that the failure to discover the evidence previously was not caused by any lack of due diligence.

"(B) If the person is temporarily detained at the initial appearance hearing under subsection (e)(3)(B)(v) or (e)(3)(B)(vi), then at the pretrial release hearing the judicial officer may order the detention of the person before trial only if the attorney for the Government proves, by clear and convincing evidence based on individualized facts, that the person's release creates a high risk of intentional non-appearance in court, and proves by clear and convincing

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evidence that no conditions of release could reasonably mitigate that risk. If the attorney for the Government did not move for detention under subsection (e)(3)(B)(v) or (e)(3)(B)(vi)at the initial appearance hearing vet wishes to seek detention at the pretrial release hearing on the ground that the person's release creates a high risk of intentional non-appearance in court, the attorney for the Government must meet the legal standard in this subparagraph and also establish by clear and convincing evidence that such request rests on evidence that was newly discovered after the initial appearance and that the failure to discover the evidence previously was not caused by any lack of due diligence. "(C) At the pretrial release hearing, the attorney for the Government bears the burden of proof. If the attorney for the Government does not meet its burden of proof, the judicial officer shall release the person under subsection (b) or (c). "(4) Procedure at the pretrial release HEARING.— "(A) PROCEDURAL REQUIREMENTS.—

1	"(i) Disclosure requirements.—If
2	the attorney for the Government requests
3	detention, then at a reasonable time prior
4	to the pretrial release hearing the attorney
5	for the Government shall provide to the
6	person—
7	"(I) notice of the alleged factual
8	bases for detention;
9	"(II) the evidence offered in sup-
10	port thereof;
11	"(III) any information in its pos-
12	session that is relevant—
13	"(aa) to the question of re-
14	lease, guilt, or punishment; or
15	"(bb) to impeachment of the
16	Government's witnesses; and
17	"(IV) any information in their
18	possession that is favorable to the per-
19	son.
20	"(ii) Representation by coun-
21	SEL.—At the hearing, the person has the
22	right to be represented by counsel, and, if
23	financially unable to obtain adequate rep-
24	resentation, to have counsel appointed
25	under section 3006A (without regard to

1	any financial ability to secure representa-
2	tion).
3	"(iii) Procedural rights.—The
4	person shall be afforded an opportunity to
5	testify, to subpoena documents and wit-
6	nesses, to present witnesses, to cross-exam-
7	ine witnesses who appear at the hearing,
8	and to present information by proffer or
9	otherwise. If the person testifies, the per-
10	son's testimony is not admissible in any
11	other criminal proceedings other than as
12	impeachment evidence if the person testi-
13	fies at trial.
14	"(iv) Witness production re-
15	QUIREMENT.—The attorney for the Gov-
16	ernment shall support its detention request
17	with the testimony of witnesses, unless the
18	person waives the right to such testimony.
19	"(v) Adverse inference.—If the
20	attorney for the Government fails to com-
21	ply with the requirements of this subpara-
22	graph, the judicial officer may draw an ad-
23	verse inference that weighs against the at-
24	torney for the Government's detention re-
25	quest.

1	"(B) EVIDENTIARY STANDARD.—The rules
2	concerning admissibility of evidence in criminal
3	trials do not apply to the presentation and con-
4	sideration of information at the hearing, except
5	that hearsay evidence shall not be admitted un-
6	less the judicial officer determines that the at-
7	torney for the Government has offered a satis-
8	factory explanation for not producing the testi-
9	fying witness, and that the hearsay evidence is
10	reliable.
11	"(5) Factors to be considered at the
12	PRETRIAL RELEASE HEARING.—In determining
13	whether there are conditions of release that could
14	reasonably mitigate the risks described in paragraph
15	(3), the judicial officer shall take into account the
16	available information concerning—
17	"(A) the history and characteristics of the
18	person, including the person's character, phys-
19	ical and mental condition, family ties, employ-
20	ment, financial resources, length of residence in
21	the community to which the person is seeking
22	to be released, community ties, past violent con-
23	duct, criminal history, and record concerning
24	appearance at court proceedings;

1	"(B) the nature and circumstances of the
2	offense charged;
3	"(C) whether the person's release creates a
4	specific and substantial risk that the person will
5	cause bodily injury or use violent force against
6	the person of another;
7	"(D) the weight of the evidence against the
8	person, but to preserve the presumption of in-
9	nocence in subsection (a), the judicial officer
10	shall give this factor the least weight;
11	"(E) whether the person's age or medical
12	condition renders them especially vulnerable;
13	and
14	"(F) the conditions of confinement, includ-
15	ing access to adequate medical, mental health,
16	and dental treatment, access to medications,
17	and the person's ability to privately consult
18	with counsel and meaningfully prepare a de-
19	fense.
20	"(6) Additional defense burden of pro-
21	DUCTION IN CERTAIN SERIOUS CASES.—The attor-
22	ney for the Government continues to bear the bur-
23	den of meeting the legal standard in paragraph (3)
24	of this subsection, but to obtain release the person
25	shall present some affirmative mitigating cir-

1	cumstances under paragraph (5) of this subsection
2	if that person—
3	"(A) is accused of—
4	"(i) an offense under section 2332b
5	for which the maximum term of imprison-
6	ment is 10 years or more;
7	"(ii) an offense under chapter 77 of
8	this title for which the maximum term of
9	imprisonment is 20 years or more; or
10	"(iii) an offense involving a minor vic-
11	tim under section 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242,
12	$2244(a)(1), \qquad 2245, \qquad 2251, \qquad 2251A,$
13	$2252(a)(1), \qquad 2252(a)(2), \qquad 2252(a)(3),$
14	2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3),
15	2252A(a)(4), 2260 , 2421 , 2422 , 2423 , or
16	2425; or
17	"(B) has been temporarily detained pursu-
18	ant to subsection (e)(3)(A), if the judicial offi-
19	cer determines that the attorney for the Gov-
20	ernment has proven—
21	"(i) the person has been convicted of
22	a Federal offense that is described in sub-
23	section (e)(3)(A), or of a State or local of-
24	fense that would have been an offense de-
25	scribed in subsection (e)(3)(A) if a cir-

1	cumstance giving rise to Federal jurisdic-
2	tion had existed;
3	"(ii) the offense described in clause (i)
4	was committed while the person was on re-
5	lease pending trial for a Federal, State, or
6	local offense; and
7	"(iii) a period of not more than five
8	years has elapsed since the date of convic-
9	tion, or the release of the person from im-
10	prisonment, for the offense described in
11	clause (i), whichever is later.".
12	(7) By striking subsections (g) through (j).
13	(8) By adding at the end the following:
14	"(g) Contents of Release and Detention
15	Order.—
16	"(1) CONTENTS OF RELEASE ORDER.—If the
17	judicial officer orders pretrial release, the judicial of-
18	ficer shall—
19	"(A) in cases where the judicial officer im-
20	poses conditions of release under subsection (c),
21	provide written findings of fact and a written
22	statement of reasons explaining why any condi-
23	tions imposed is the least restrictive necessary
24	to reasonably mitigate any individualized and
25	specific risks posed by the person;

1	"(B) include a written statement that sets
2	forth all the conditions to which the release is
3	subject, in a manner sufficiently clear and spe-
4	cific to serve as a guide for the person's con-
5	duct; and
6	"(C) advise the person of—
7	"(i) the penalties for violating a condi-
8	tion of release, including the penalties for
9	committing an offense while on pretrial re-
10	lease;
11	"(ii) the consequences of violating a
12	condition of release, including the imme-
13	diate issuance of a warrant for the per-
14	son's arrest; and
15	"(iii) sections 1503 of this title (relat-
16	ing to intimidation of witnesses, jurors,
17	and officers of the court), 1510 (relating
18	to obstruction of criminal investigations),
19	1512 (tampering with a witness, victim, or
20	an informant), and 1513 (retaliating
21	against a witness, victim, or an informant).
22	"(2) Contents of Detention order.—If the
23	judicial officer orders pretrial detention, the judicial
24	officer shall—

1	"(A) provide written findings of fact and a
2	written statement of the reasons for the deten-
3	tion, identifying whether the detention is based
4	on a finding that the person's release creates a
5	high risk of non-appearance in court or a spe-
6	cific and substantial risk that the person will
7	cause bodily injury or use violent force against
8	the person of another, and stating that no con-
9	dition or combination of conditions could rea-
10	sonably mitigate that risk;
11	"(B) direct that the person be committed
12	to the custody of the Attorney General for con-
13	finement in a corrections facility separate, to
14	the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or
15	serving sentences or being held in custody pend-
16	ing appeal;
17	"(C) direct that the person be afforded
18	reasonable opportunity for private consultation
19	with counsel;
20	"(D) direct that, on order of a court of the
21	United States or on request of an attorney for
22	the Government, the person in charge of the
23	correctional facility in which the person is con-
24	fined deliver the person to a United States

1	Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in
2	connection with a court proceeding;
3	"(E) direct that any place of pretrial con-
4	finement shall conform to the Federal Perform-
5	ance Based Detention Standards;
6	"(F) direct that the correctional facility in
7	which the person is confined provide immediate
8	access to adequate medical, mental health, and
9	dental treatment and promptly provide any
10	medications; and
11	"(G) direct that any person with an objec-
12	tively serious medical or mental health condi-
13	tion be subject to a periodic (based on a deter-
14	mination of what period would be appropriate
15	to the individual's condition) review before the
16	judicial officer to ensure that the place of pre-
17	trial confinement is adequately addressing said
18	condition, and to consider appropriate alter-
19	natives to continued confinement, if necessary.
20	"(h) Subsequent Order for Temporary Re-
21	LEASE.—
22	"(1) The judicial officer may, by subsequent
23	order, permit the temporary release of a person to
24	the extent that the judicial officer determines such
25	release to be necessary for the person to privately

consult with counsel; meaningfully prepare a defense; obtain access to medical, mental health, or dental treatment that has not been adequately provided by the place of pretrial confinement; or for any other compelling reason.

"(2) The judicial officer may, by subsequent order, permit the temporary release of a person who has been detained to allow the person to attend a major life event of an immediate family member, such as a wedding, birth, religious ritual, graduation, deathbed visit, or funeral, if the judicial officer finds that conditions of release could reasonably mitigate any previously identified risk for the limited period of release. An immediate family member is defined as a spouse, domestic partner, cohabitant, child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, mother-in-law, father-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, brother, sister, half-brother, half-sister, stepsibling, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, or first cousin.

"(i) PROCEDURES IN REMOVAL CASES.—

"(1) A person who is arrested or summoned to court in a district other than where the offense was allegedly committed (hereinafter in this section referred to as the 'arresting district') shall be entitled to an initial appearance hearing and a pretrial release hearing in the arresting district. The initial appearance hearing shall occur no more than 48 hours after the person enters custody. Upon appearance before a judicial officer in the arresting district, the person shall be detained or released as provided in subsections (a) through (b) of this section.

"(2) If the judicial officer in the arresting district orders the detention of the person pending transfer to the district where the offense was allegedly committed (hereinafter in this section referred to as the 'charging district'), the person shall be taken before a judicial officer in the charging district not more than 5 days after the initial appearance hearing in the arresting district and shall receive an initial appearance hearing and pretrial release hearing in the charging district in accordance with subsections (a) through (b) of this section. The judicial officer in the charging district is not bound by any factual or legal determinations made by the judicial officer in the arresting district.

"(3) If the judicial officer in the arresting district orders the person released pending transfer to the charging district, the person shall receive a prompt initial appearance hearing in the charging

1	district. If the person appears as directed in the
2	charging district and is performing satisfactorily on
3	release, the person is entitled to a presumption that
4	all conditions of release continue unchanged in the
5	charging district. The attorney for the Government
6	shall have the right to appeal the release order to
7	the district court in the arresting district only. Any
8	government appeal must be conducted on an expe-
9	dited basis. Either party can move to modify the
10	conditions of release in the charging district under
11	this section.
12	"(4) If the judicial officer in the arresting dis-
13	trict orders the person detained pending transfer to
14	the charging district, the person shall be informed of
15	the right to an expedited appeal to the district court
16	in the arresting district, and such appeal shall be
17	heard within 72 hours unless the person consents to
18	a delay. Any appeal by the Government must also be
19	conducted on an expedited basis.".
20	SEC. 4. REVIEW AND APPEAL OF A RELEASE OR DETEN-
21	TION ORDER.
22	Section 3145 of title 18, United States Code, is
23	amended—
24	(1) in subsection (a)—

1	(A) in the matter following paragraph (2),
2	by striking "The motion shall be determined
3	promptly.";
4	(B) by striking the matter preceding para-
5	graph (1), and inserting "Except in a removal
6	case covered by section 3142(i), if a person is
7	ordered released by a magistrate judge—";
8	(C) in paragraph (1)—
9	(i) by striking "court having original
10	jurisdiction over the offense" and inserting
11	"district eourt";
12	(ii) by inserting after "conditions of
13	release" the following: "at any time before
14	trial"; and
15	(iii) by striking "and"; and
16	(D) by striking paragraph (2) and insert-
17	ing the following:
18	"(2) the person may file, with the magistrate
19	judge or with the district court, a motion for amend-
20	ment of the conditions of release at any time before
21	trial; and
22	"(3) motions under this subsection shall be de-
23	termined promptly.";
24	(2) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the
25	following:

1 "(b) REVIEW OF A DETENTION ORDER.— 2 "(1) Review by a magistrate judge.—Ex-3 cept in a removal case covered by section 3142(i), if 4 a person is ordered detained by a magistrate judge, 5 the person may file with the magistrate judge a mo-6 tion for reconsideration or amendment of the order 7 for any reason material to the inquiry in section 8 3142, at any time before trial. The person is entitled 9 to a hearing on that motion. The pretrial release 10 hearing standards in subsection (f) of section 3142 11 govern at that reopened hearing. "(2) Review by a district court.—Except 12 13 in a removal case covered by section 3142(i), if a person is ordered detained by a magistrate judge, 14 15 the person may file, with the district court, a motion 16 for pretrial release. The motion shall be heard within 17 72 hours unless the person consents to a delay. The 18 district court shall review the motion and release or detain the person after a hearing under section 19 20 3142."; (3) in subsection (c), by striking "The appeal 21 22 shall be determined promptly" and all that follows 23 and inserting the following: "If a judicial officer or-24 ders pretrial detention, the person shall be informed

of the right to an appeal. Such appeal shall be heard

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1	within 72 hours unless the person consents to a
2	delay. The judicial officer may order a person who
3	has been detained under section 3142 released pend-
4	ing the appeal of the detention order if it is clearly
5	shown that there are exceptional reasons why such
6	person's detention would not be appropriate."; and
7	(4) by inserting, at the end, the following:
8	"(d) Release Pending Review or Appeal.—If a
9	person is ordered released by a magistrate judge and the
10	attorney for the Government files a motion for revocation
11	of the release order or a motion for amendment of the
12	conditions of release with the district court under para-
13	graph (1) of subsection (a), or the attorney for the Gov-
14	ernment files an appeal from a release order with the court
15	of appeals under subsection (c) of this section, the person
16	shall remain on pretrial release pending review or appeal.
17	A release order shall not be stayed pending review or ap-
18	peal.".
19	SEC. 5. SANCTIONS FOR VIOLATION OF A RELEASE CONDI-
20	TION.
21	Section 3148 of title 18, United States Code, is
22	amended—
23	(1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the
24	following:

1	"(a) AVAILABLE SANCTIONS FOR VIOLATION OF RE-
2	LEASE.—If the judicial officer finds that a person who has
3	been released under section 3142 has violated a condition
4	of release, the judicial officer may—
5	"(1) continue the person on pretrial release
6	without new conditions;
7	"(2) continue the person on pretrial release
8	with new conditions; or
9	"(3) revoke the person's release and enter an
10	order of detention.";
11	(2) in subsection (b)—
12	(A) by inserting after "A judicial officer
13	may issue a" the following: "summons to ap-
14	pear in court or a"; and
15	(B) by striking paragraph (2) (including
16	the matter following subparagraph (B)) and in-
17	serting the following:
18	"(2) finds that, based on the factors set forth
19	in section $3142(f)(5)$ and based on individualized
20	facts, the person poses a high risk of intentional
21	non-appearance in court or poses a specific and sub-
22	stantial risk that the person will cause bodily injury
23	or use violent force against the person of another,
24	and that no conditions of release could reasonably
25	mitigate that risk."; and

1	(3) by striking subsection (e).
2	SEC. 6. PRETRIAL DETENTION AND RELEASE DATA AND RE-
3	PORTING.
4	(a) In General.—Chapter 207 of title 18, United
5	States Code, is amended by inserting after section 3154
6	the following new section:
7	"§ 3154A. Pretrial detention and release data and re-
8	porting
9	"(a) Data Collection.—The Administrative Office
10	of the U.S. Courts, United States Probation and Pretrial
11	Services, the United States Sentencing Commission, and
12	the Executive Office of United States Attorneys shall each
13	maintain records with respect to pretrial detention and re-
14	lease for each person charged with a Federal crime. These
15	records shall include:
16	"(1) Demographic information, including race,
17	Hispanic ethnicity, age, sex, and citizenship status.
18	"(2) The type of crime charged.
19	"(3) Whether during the initial appearance
20	hearing the person was represented by a Federal or
21	community defender attorney, counsel appointed
22	under section 3006A, private counsel, or was unrep-
23	resented.
24	"(4) Whether during the pretrial release hear-
25	ing the person was represented by a Federal or com-

1	munity defender attorney, counsel appointed under
2	section 3006A, private counsel, or was unrepre-
3	sented.
4	"(5) The person's pretrial risk assessment (in
5	this section referred to as 'PTRA') score.
6	"(6) Whether the person was detained after
7	their initial appearance hearing and if so, the legal
8	basis for detention.
9	"(7) Whether the person was released after
10	their initial appearance hearing and if so, the terms
11	and conditions of that release, including the amount
12	of the bond, whether the bond was secured or unse-
13	cured, and if the bond was secured, whether it was
14	secured by money, property, or other collateral.
15	"(8) Whether the charged crime qualifies for
16	mandatory or temporary detention at the initial ap-
17	pearance hearing under section 3142(e)(3)(A) or
18	section 3142(e)(3)(B) of this title.
19	"(9) Whether the prosecutor moves for manda-
20	tory temporary detention under section
21	3142(e)(3)(A) or discretionary temporary detention
22	under section $3142(e)(3)(B)$.
23	"(10) Whether the charged crime requires an
24	additional burden of production for the defense at
5	the pretrial release hearing under section 3142(f)(6)

1	"(11) Whether a subsequent pretrial release
2	hearing was held.
3	"(12) Whether the person was detained after
4	the pretrial release hearing and if so, the legal basis
5	for detention.
6	"(13) Whether the person was released after
7	the pretrial release hearing and if so, the terms and
8	conditions of that release, including the amount of
9	the bond, whether the bond was secured or unse-
10	cured, and if the bond was secured, whether it was
11	secured by money, property, or other collateral.
12	"(14) If a bond was set at any point, whether
13	a condition of the person's release was electronic
14	monitoring.
15	"(15) Whether the person was detained at the
16	time of case disposition, including at the time of
17	guilty plea entry, jury conviction, acquittal, dis-
18	missal, or other case disposition.
19	"(16) If the person was convicted, whether the
20	person was detained at the time of sentencing.
21	"(17) The number of days spent in pretrial de-
22	tention prior to sentencing or prior to other non-con-
23	viction disposition.

1	"(18) Whether the person violated a technical
2	condition of pretrial release at any time prior to sen-
3	tencing or prior to other non-conviction disposition.
4	"(19) Whether the person was charged with a
5	new criminal offense at any time prior to sentencing
6	or prior to other non-conviction disposition.
7	"(20) Whether the person's bond was revoked
8	for failing to appear in court at any time.
9	"(21) The charges filed.
10	"(22) The final charges of conviction.
11	"(23) The sentence imposed, if applicable.
12	"(b) Federal Justice Statistics Program
13	Data.—
14	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The data collected under
15	subsection (a) shall be reported to the Federal Jus-
16	tice Statistics program of the Bureau of Justice Sta-
17	tistics, with identifiers allowing it to be linked to
18	other data from that program on the same cases.
19	"(2) Publication.—The data reported under
20	paragraph (1), shall be made available annually to
21	the National Archive of Criminal Justice Data, with-
22	out identifying the persons involved, for research
23	purposes.
24	"(3) Integration.—The Administrative Office
25	of the U.S. Courts, United States Probation and

1	Pretrial Services, the United States Sentencing
2	Commission, and the Executive Office of the United
3	States Attorneys may choose to integrate the data
4	under subsection (a) within existing datasets pro-
5	vided to the Federal Justice Statistics program of
6	the Bureau of Justice Statistics.
7	"(c) Publication.—The Administrative Office of
8	the U.S. Courts shall publish, on a quarterly basis, na-
9	tional data and data for each district in the aggregate and
10	disaggregated by race, Hispanic ethnicity, counsel status,
11	sex, age, and type of crime charged, on the following:
12	"(1) Pretrial detention and release rates.
13	"(2) The median or average duration of pretrial
14	detention.
15	"(3) The median PTRA score.
16	"(4) The number of people not represented by
17	counsel during the entirety of the initial appearance
18	hearing.
19	"(5) The number of people detained after the
20	initial appearance hearing.
21	"(6) The number of people released after the
22	initial appearance hearing.
23	"(7) The number of people detained after the
24	pretrial release hearing.

1	"(8) The number of people released after the
2	pretrial release hearing.
3	"(9) The number of people who qualified for
4	mandatory or temporary detention at the initial ap-
5	pearance hearing under section 3142(e)(3)(A) or
6	section 3142(e)(3)(B) of this title.
7	"(10) The number of cases that required an ad-
8	ditional burden of production for the defense at the
9	pretrial release hearing under section 3142(f)(6) of
10	this title.
11	"(11) The number of people detained without a
12	pretrial release hearing being held.
13	"(12) The number of people released on an un-
14	secured bond.
15	"(13) The number of people released on a se-
16	cured bond.
17	"(14) The number of people released on a bond
18	for which one of the conditions is electronic moni-
19	toring.
20	"(15) The number of people who violated a
21	technical condition of pretrial release at any time
22	prior to sentencing or prior to other non-conviction
23	disposition.

1	"(16) The number of people charged with a
2	new criminal offense at any time prior to sentencing
3	or prior to other non-conviction disposition.
4	"(17) The number of people whose bond was
5	revoked for failing to appear in court at any time.".
6	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
7	for title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting
8	after the item relating to section 3154 the following:
	"3154A. Pretrial detention and release data and reporting.".
9	SEC. 7. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.
10	Rule 32.1 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Proce-
11	dure, is amended in subsection (a)—
12	(1) by striking paragraph (6) and inserting the
13	following:
14	"(6) Release or detention.—
15	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A person held in cus-
16	tody must be taken without unnecessary delay
17	before a judicial officer and shall receive an ini-
18	tial appearance hearing. At the initial appear-
19	ance hearing, the judicial officer shall issue an
20	order as set forth in section 3142(e) and sec-
21	tion 3142(g) of title 18, United States Code.
22	All provisions of sections 3142(b) and (c) of
23	title 18, United States Code, shall apply.
24	"(B) MANDATORY TEMPORARY DETENTION
25	FOR CERTAIN VIOLATIONS.—At the initial ap-

1	pearance hearing, the judicial officer shall pro-
2	ceed under section 3142(e)(3)(A) of title 18,
3	United States Code, if the petition alleges a vio-
4	lation predicated on the initiation of a new
5	criminal prosecution against the person—
6	"(i) a Federal, State or local offense
7	punishable by a term of imprisonment ex-
8	ceeding one year that—
9	"(I) is an offense that is a felony
10	and has as an element the use, at-
11	tempted use, or threatened use of
12	physical force against the person or
13	property of another, or
14	"(II) involves the possession of a
15	firearm or destructive device of a type
16	described in 26 U.S.C. 5845(a); or
17	"(ii) any other Federal, State, or local
18	offense punishable by a term of imprison-
19	ment exceeding 20 years.
20	"(C) DISCRETIONARY TEMPORARY DETEN-
21	TION.—At the initial appearance hearing, the
22	judicial officer shall proceed under section
23	3142(e)(3)(B) of title 18, United States Code,
24	for all categories of violation not described in
25	subparagraph (B)."; and

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1	(2) by inserting at the end the following:
2	"(7) Pretrial release hearing.—At the
3	pretrial release hearing, the judicial officer shall fol-
4	low the procedures as set forth in section 3142(f) of
5	title 18, United States Code.".

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